# SAULT COLLEGE OF APPLIED ARTS & TECHNOLOGY

# SAULT STE. MARIE, ONTARIO

## COURSE OUTLINE

- Course Title: <u>HYDROLOGICAL FIELD WORK</u>
- Code No.: HYD 100-5
- Program: WATER RESOURCES ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Semester:

- Date: SEPTEMBER TO DECEMBER 1983
- Author: JOHN K. THEIL

New:

Revision:

APPROVED:

Chairperson

Date

#### CALENDAR DESCRIPTION

Hydrological Field Work Course Name <u>HYP 100-5</u> Course Number

#### PHILOSOPHY/GOALS:

The student will be able to:

- 1. Conduct reconnaisance and traverse surveys, prepare survey field notes, make computations, plot traverses, interpret topographic mapping, and compute watershed areas.
- 2. Understand the hydrologic cycle and determine measurements of precipitation, stream flow and evaporation.
- 3. Understand the occurrence and transmission of ground water.

METHOD OF ASSESSMENT (GRADING METHOD):

Field wo:	rk and	assignments	30%
Mid term	exami	nation	25%
Final ex	aminat	ion	45%

### Grading

А	80 - 1	100%
В	70 -	79%
С	60 -	69%
D	50 -	59%

A passing grade will be based on a minimum grading of 60%. Students obtaining a grading of 55 to 59% may be allowed to complete a supplementary examination.

#### REFERENCES:

- " <u>Hydrology and Quality of Water Resources</u> by M.J. HammaTand K.A. MacKic'han John Wiley **&** Sons
- <u>Handbook on The Principles of Hydrology</u> by Donald M. Gray, Editor-in-Chief" Water Information Center, Inc.

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## HYDROLOGICAL FIELD WORK

## HYD 100-5

#### COURSE OUTLINE

- 1. Compass and map utilization
  - 1.1 Declination, bearing, azimuths
  - 1.2 Familiarization with the instruments (compass, level)
  - 1.3 Computations
  - 1.4 Methods of field traversing
  - 1.5 Exercises in plotting traverse
- 2. Introduction to hydrology
  - 2.1 Introduction to water resources engineering
  - 2.2 Hydrological cycle
  - 2.3 Precipitation
- 3. Measurements
  - 3.1 Preciptation measurements
  - 3.2 FLow-rate measurements
  - 3.3 Evaporation measurements
- 4. Groundwater investigation
  - 4.1 Occurrence of groundwater
  - 4.2 Geologic formations (aquifers)
  - 4.3 Hydrological mapping maps
- 5. Graphs
  - 5.1 Topographic maps
  - 5.2 Computation of the area of watershed
  - 5.3 Presentation of graphs

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